# Apache Spark – Apache HBase Connector

## Feature Rich and Efficient Access to HBase through Spark SQL

Weiqing Yang

Jun, 2017

HORTONWORKS®
POWERING THE FUTURE OF DATA™

# Who am I

- Currently focused on Apache Spark and Hadoop, etc
- Contribute to Apache Spark, HBase, Ambari, Hadoop
- Software Engineer at Hortonworks




HORTONWORKS

# Agenda

Motivation

Overview

Architecture & Implementation

Usage




HORTONWORKS

# Motivation

- Limited Spark Support in HBase Upstream
  - RDD level
  - But Spark Is Moving to DataFrame/Dataset
- Existing Connectors in DataFrame Level
  - Complicated Design
    - Embedding Optimization Plan inside Catalyst Engine
    - Stability Impact with Coprocessor
    - Serialized RDD Lineage to HBase
  - Heavy Maintenance Overhead




HORTONWORKS

# Overview




HORTONWORKS®

# Apache Spark– Apache HBase Connector (SHC)

- Combine Spark and HBase
  - Spark Catalyst Engine for Query Plan and Optimization
  - HBase as Fast Access KV Store
  - Implement Standard External Data Source with Build-in Filter, Maintain Easily
- Full Fledged DataFrame Support
  - Spark SQL
  - Integrated Language Query
- High Performance
  - Partition Pruning, Data Locality, Column Pruning, Predicate Pushdown
  - Use Spark UnhandledFilters API
  - Cache Spark HBase Connections




HORTONWORKS

# Data Coder & Data Schema

- Support Different Data Coders
  - PrimitiveType: Native Support Java Primitive Types
  - Avro: Native Support Avro Encoding/Decoding
  - Phoenix: Phoenix Encoding/Decoding
  - Plug-In Data Coder
  - Can Run on the Top of Existing HBase Tables

- Support Composite Key
  - def cat = s"""{
    |"table":{"namespace":"default","name":"shcExampleTable","tableCoder":"Phoenix"},
    **|"rowkey":"key1:key2",**
    |"columns":{
    |"col00":{"cf":"rowkey","col":"key1", "type":"string"**},**
    |"col01":{"cf":"rowkey","col":"key2", "type":"int"},
    …
    …



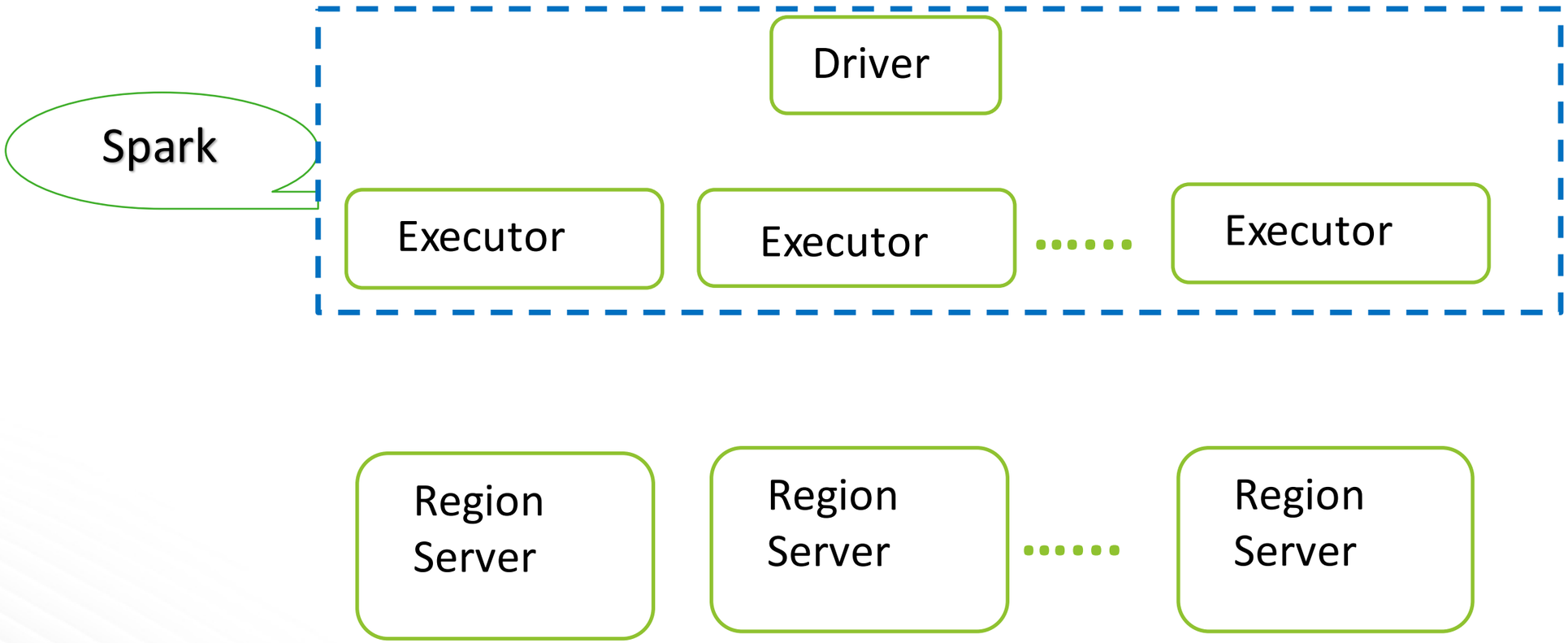

HORTONWORKS

# Architecture & Implementation



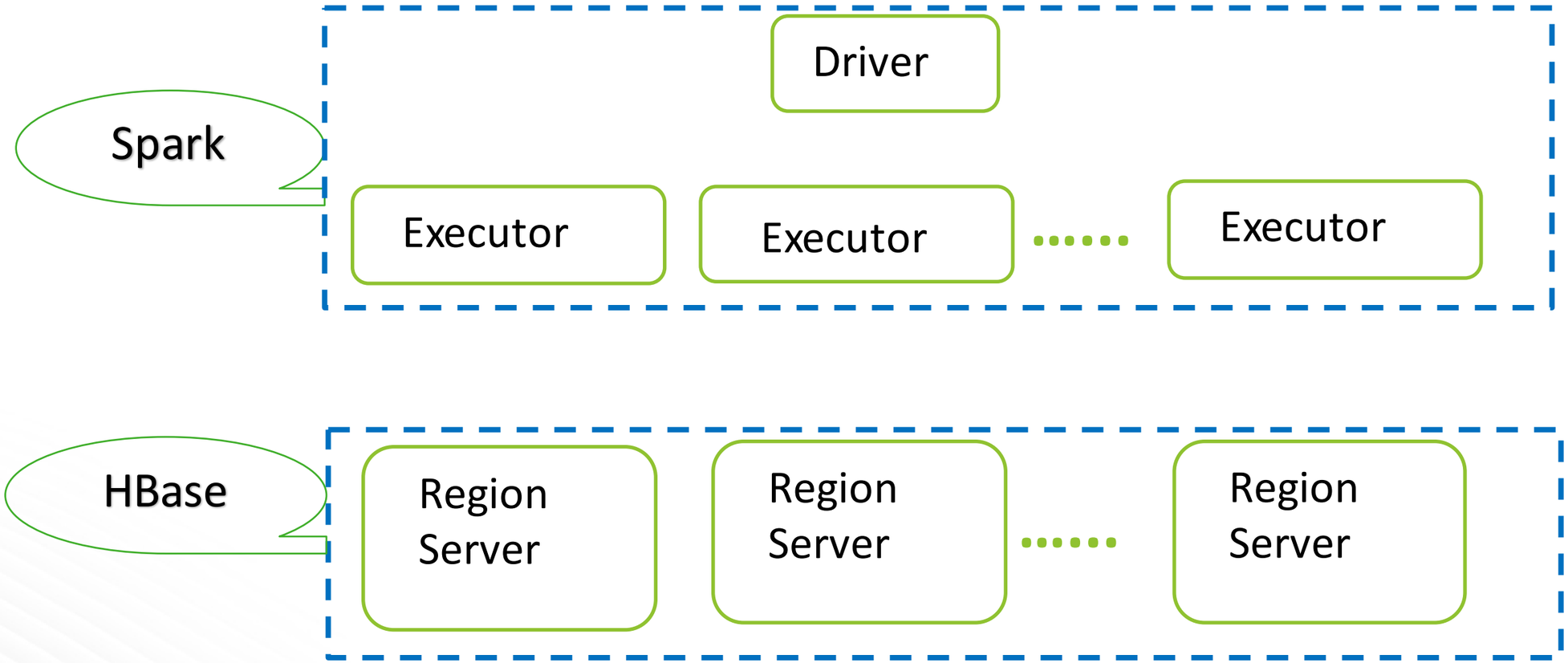

HORTONWORKS®

# Architecture




Picture 1. SHC architecture

# Architecture

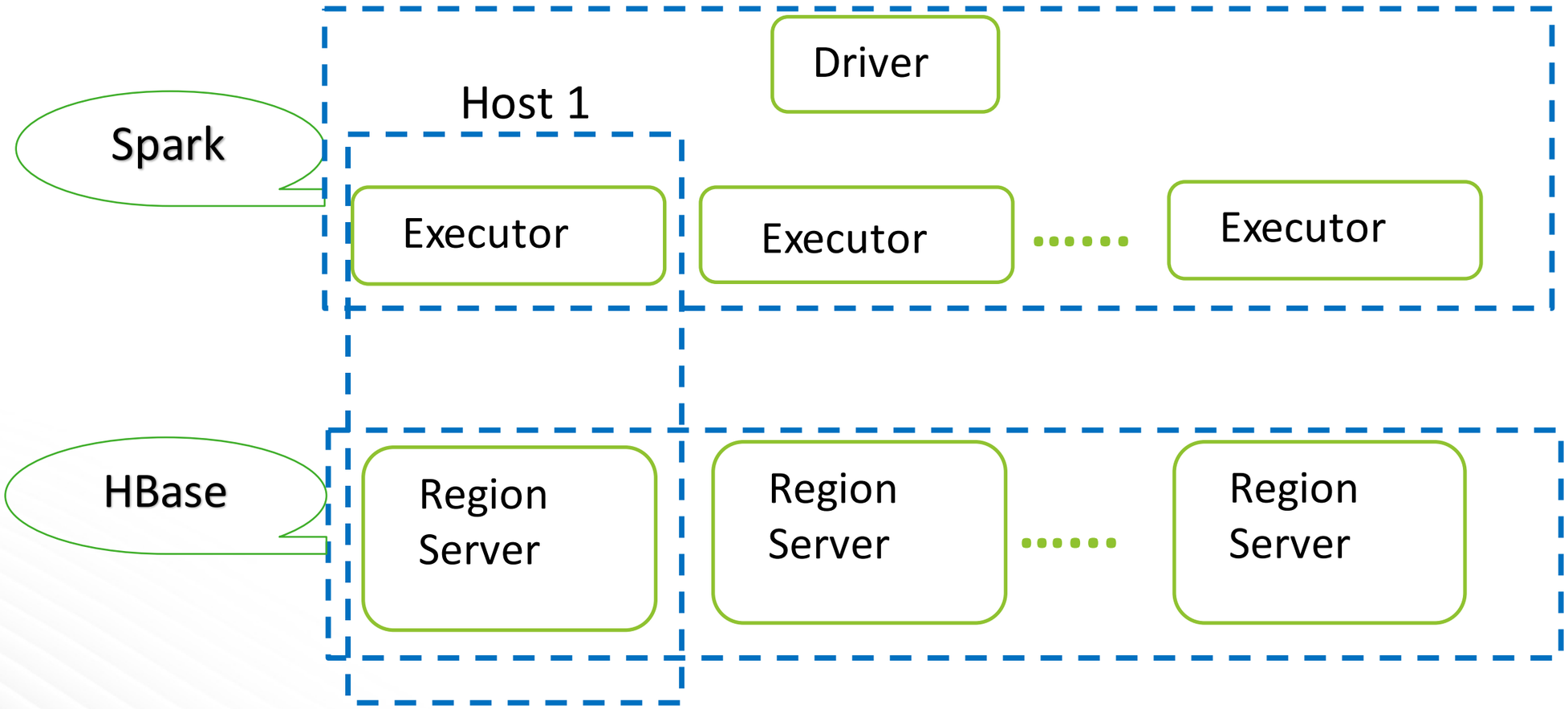



Picture 1. SHC architecture




HORTONWORKS

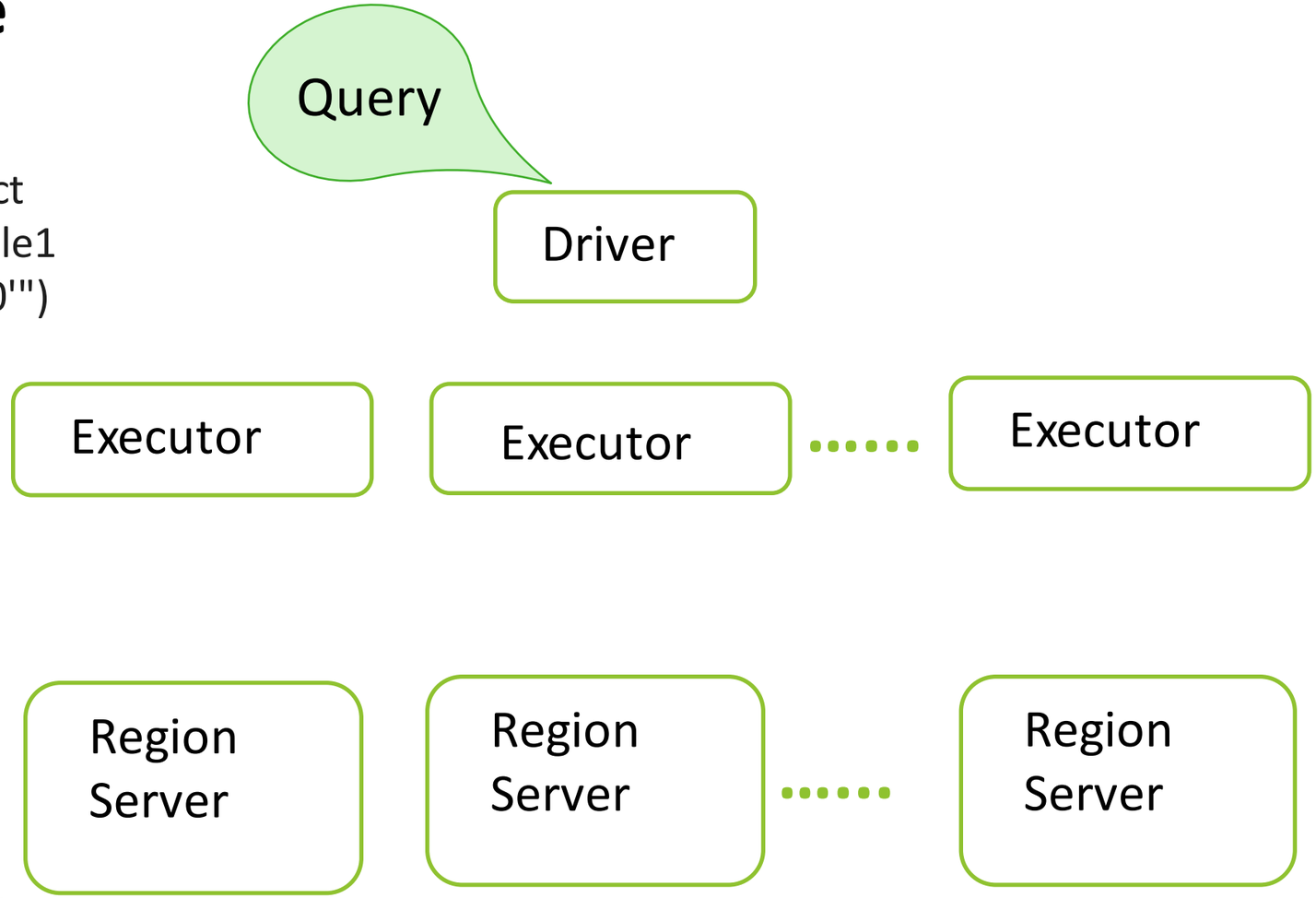
# Architecture




Picture 1. SHC architecture

# Architecture

sqlContext.sql("select count(col1) from table1 where key < 'row050'")



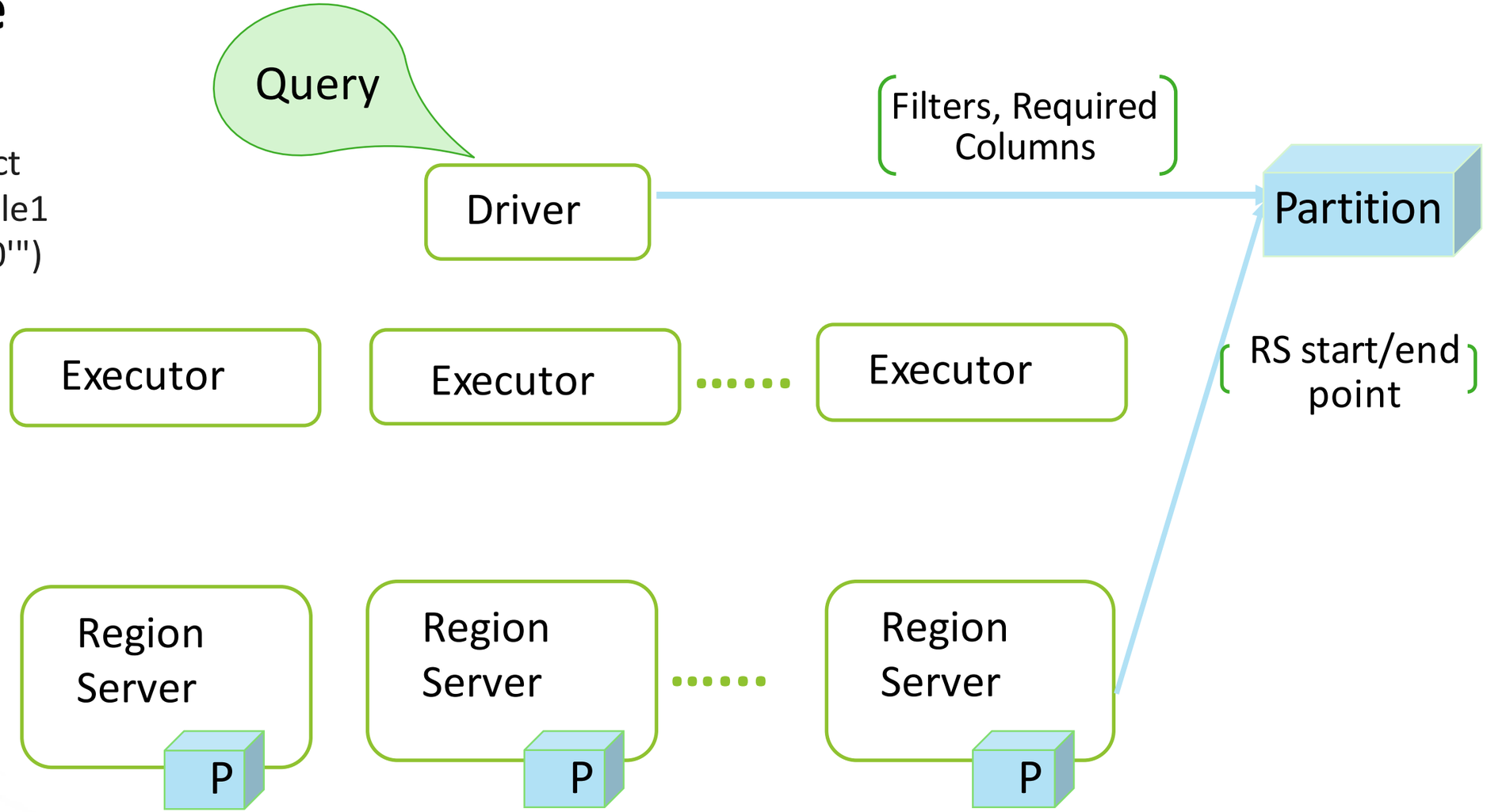

Picture 1. SHC architecture




HORTONWORKS

# Architecture

```
sqlContext.sql("select
count(col1) from table1
where key < 'row050'")
```



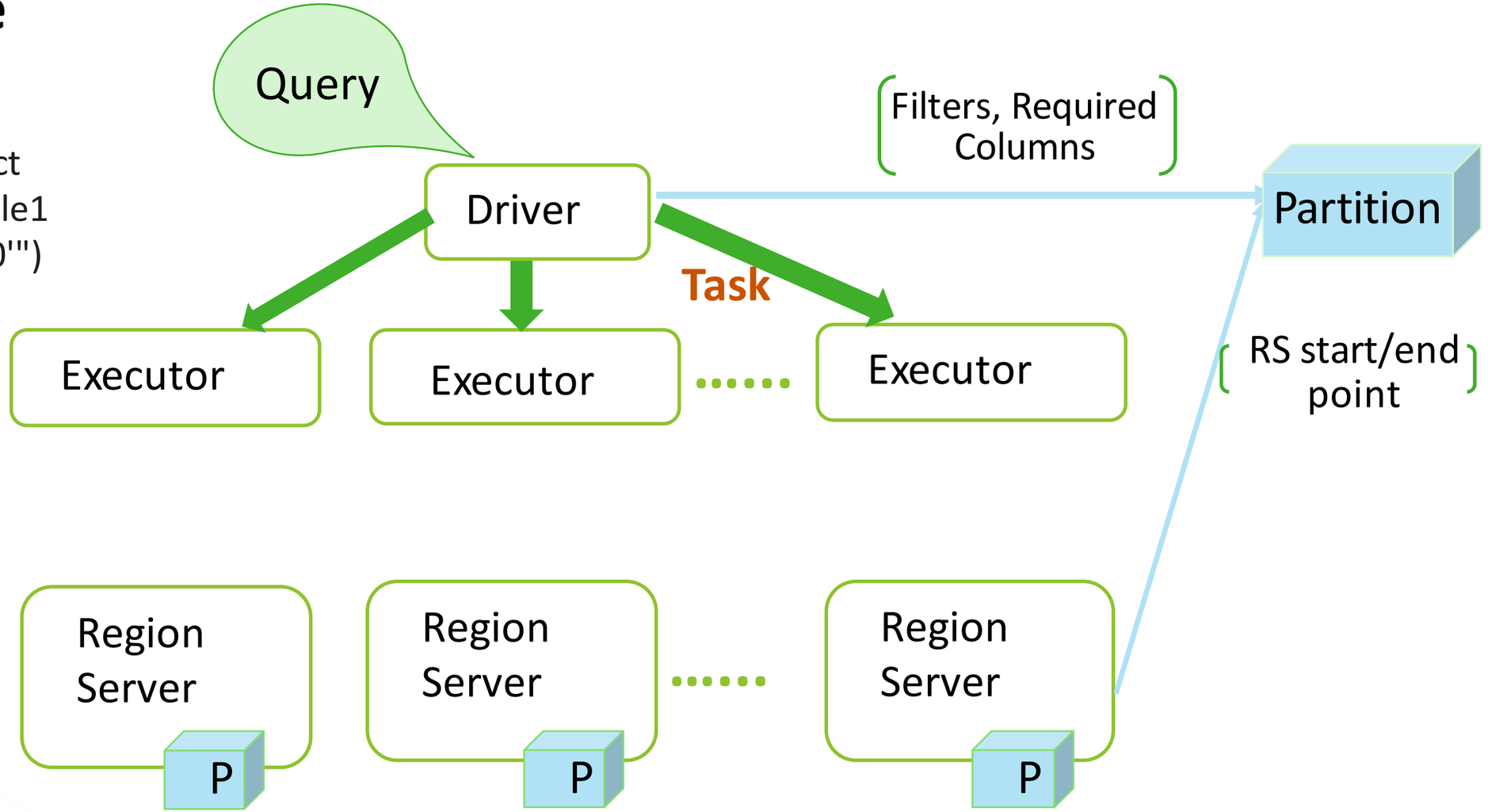

Picture 1. SHC architecture




HORTONWORKS

# Architecture

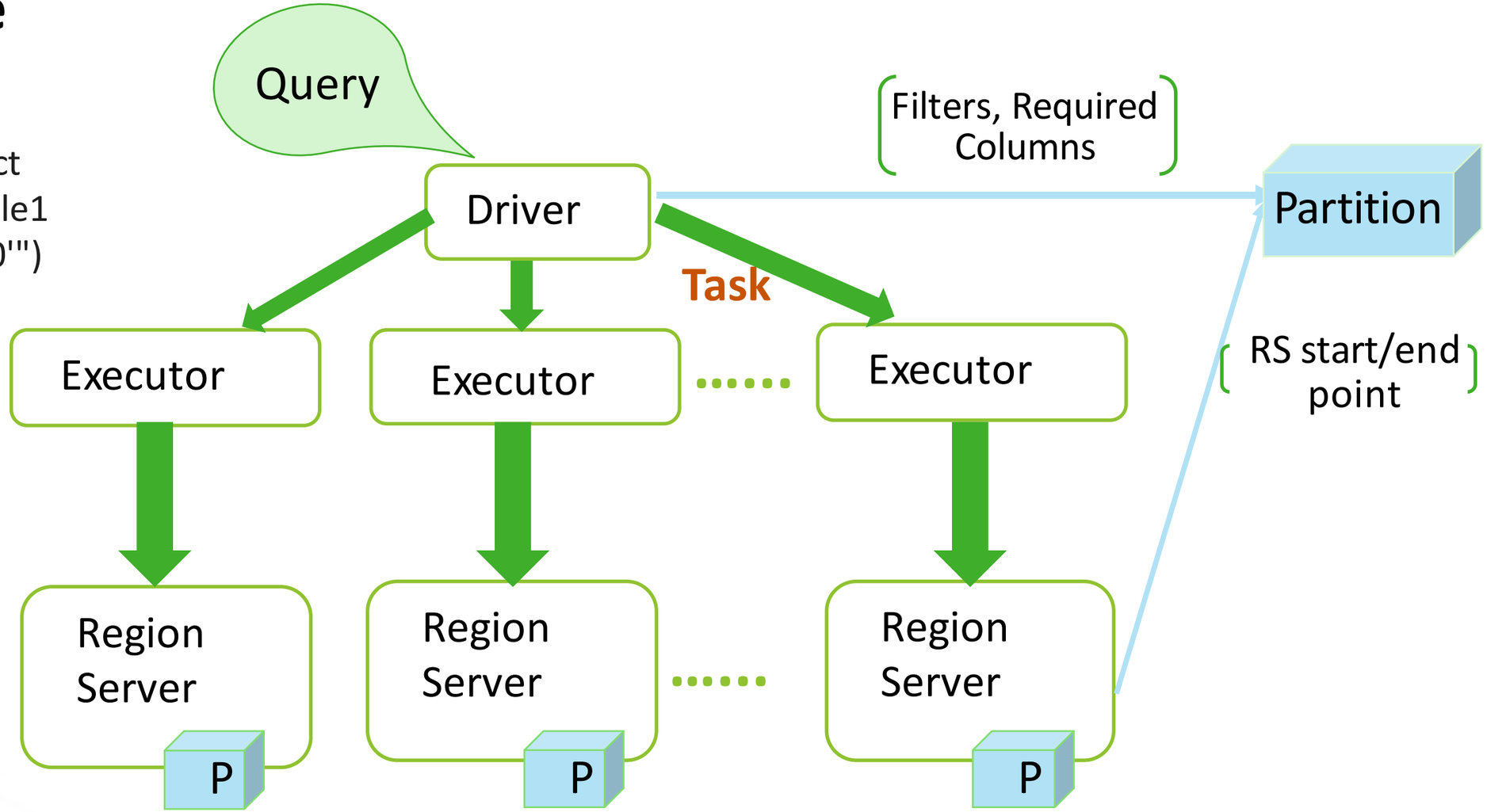
```
sqlContext.sql("select
count(col1) from table1
where key < 'row050'")
```




Picture 1. SHC architecture

# Architecture

```
sqlContext.sql("select
count(col1) from table1
where key < 'row050'")
```



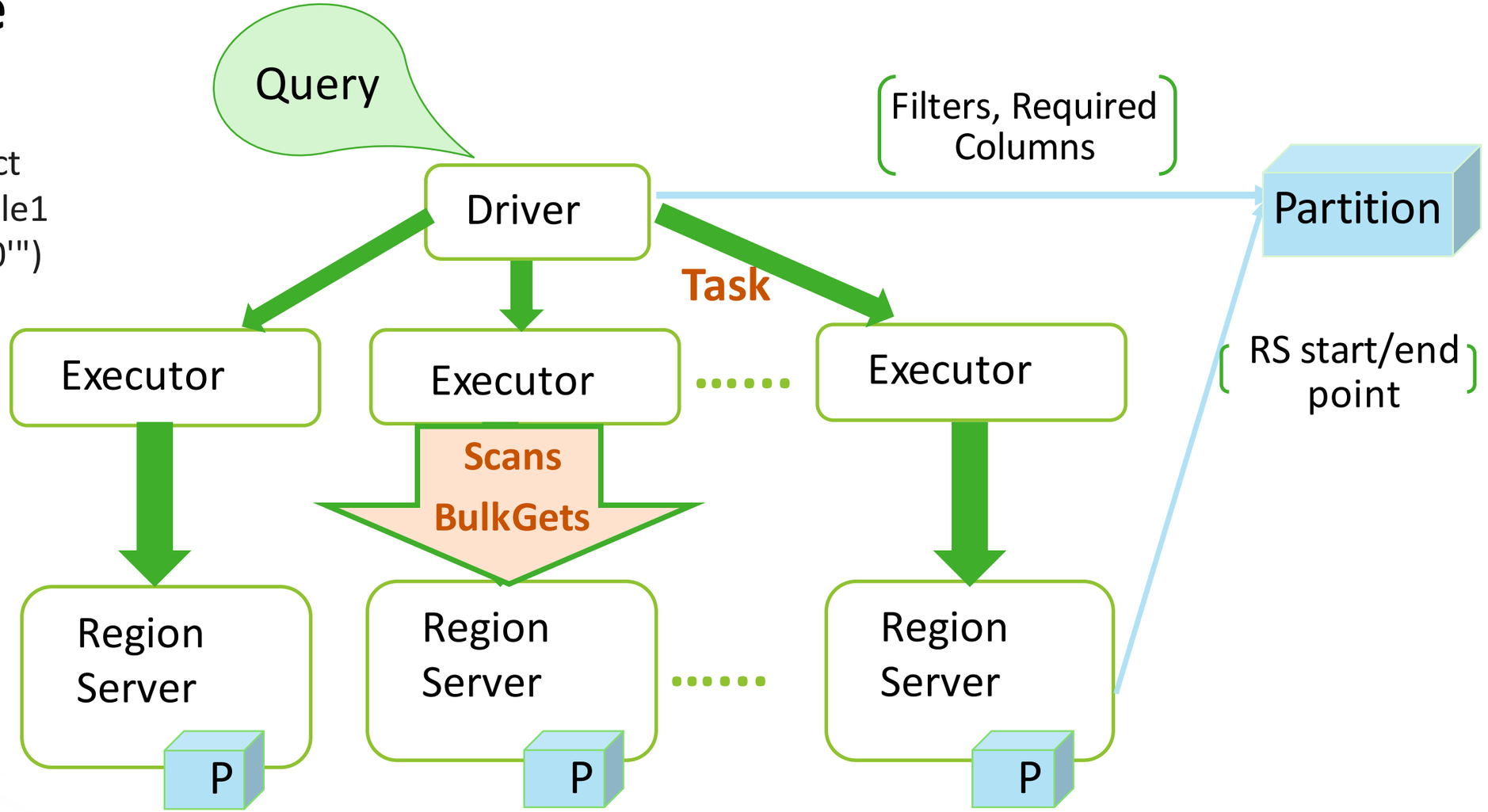

Picture 1. SHC architecture




HORTONWORKS

# Architecture

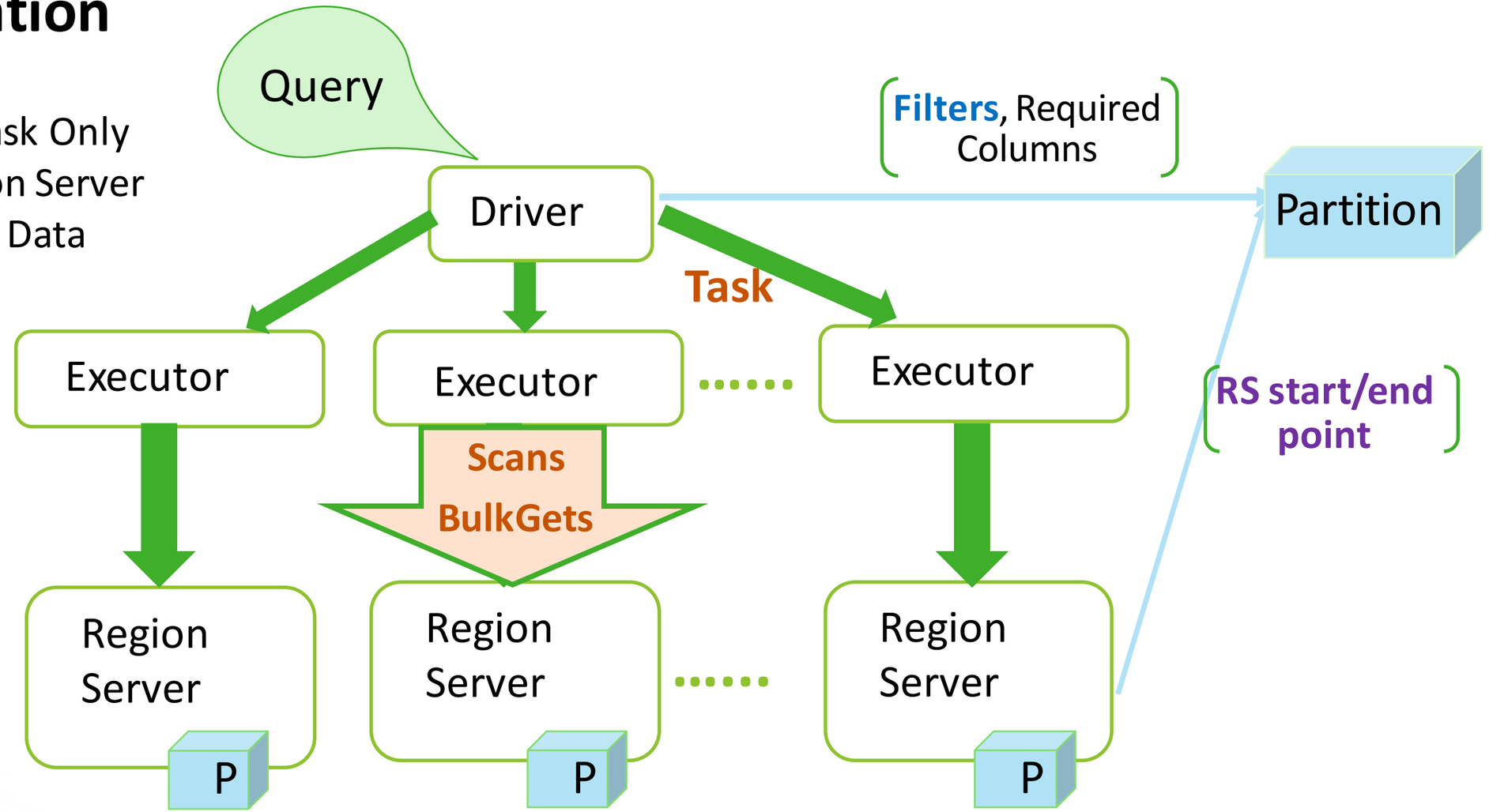
```
sqlContext.sql("select
count(col1) from table1
where key < 'row050'")
```




Picture 1. SHC architecture

# Implementation

**Partition Pruning**: Task Only Performed in Region Server Holding Requested Data



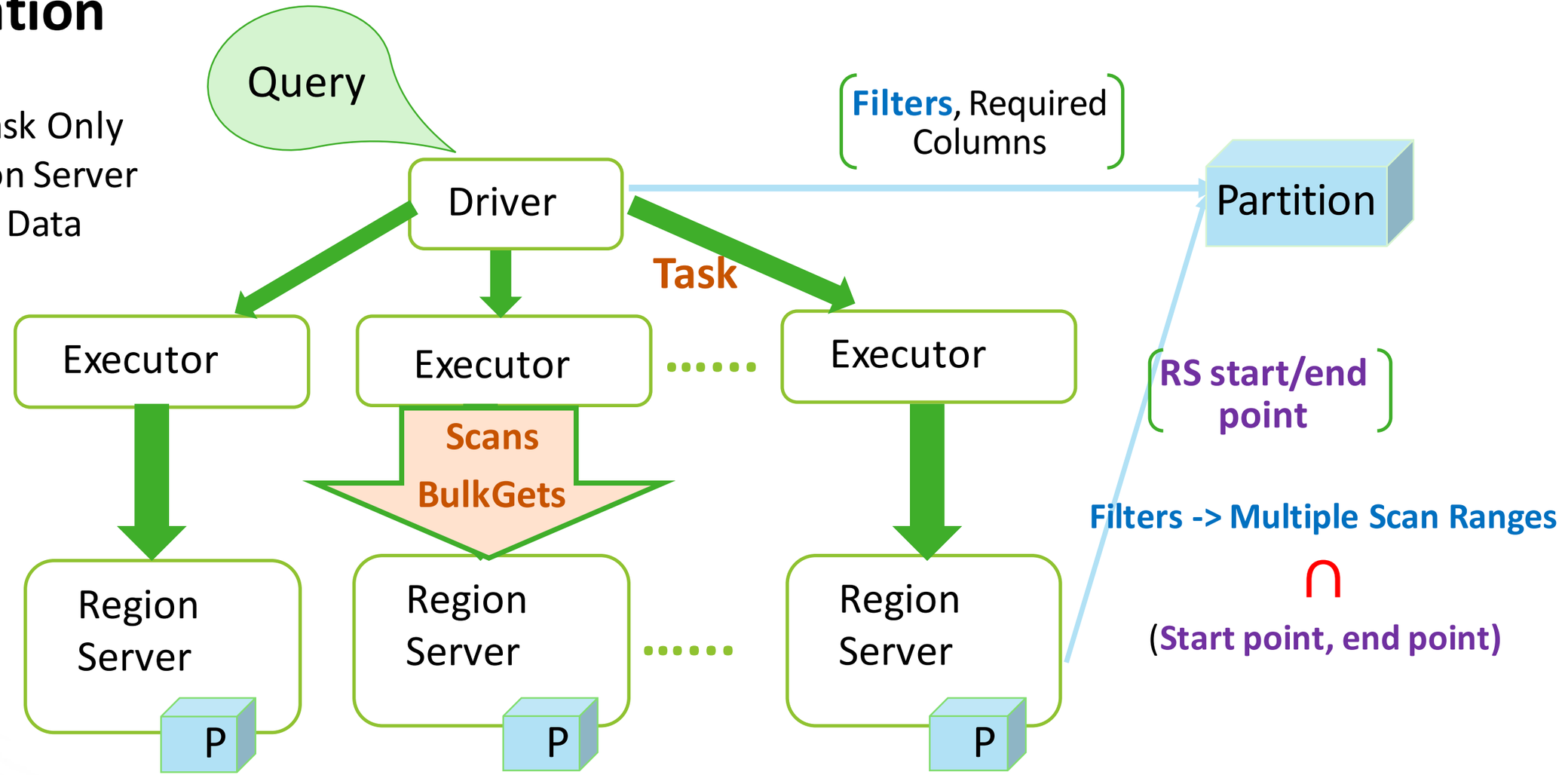

Picture 1. SHC architecture




HORTONWORKS

# Implementation

**Partition Pruning**: Task Only Performed in Region Server Holding Requested Data



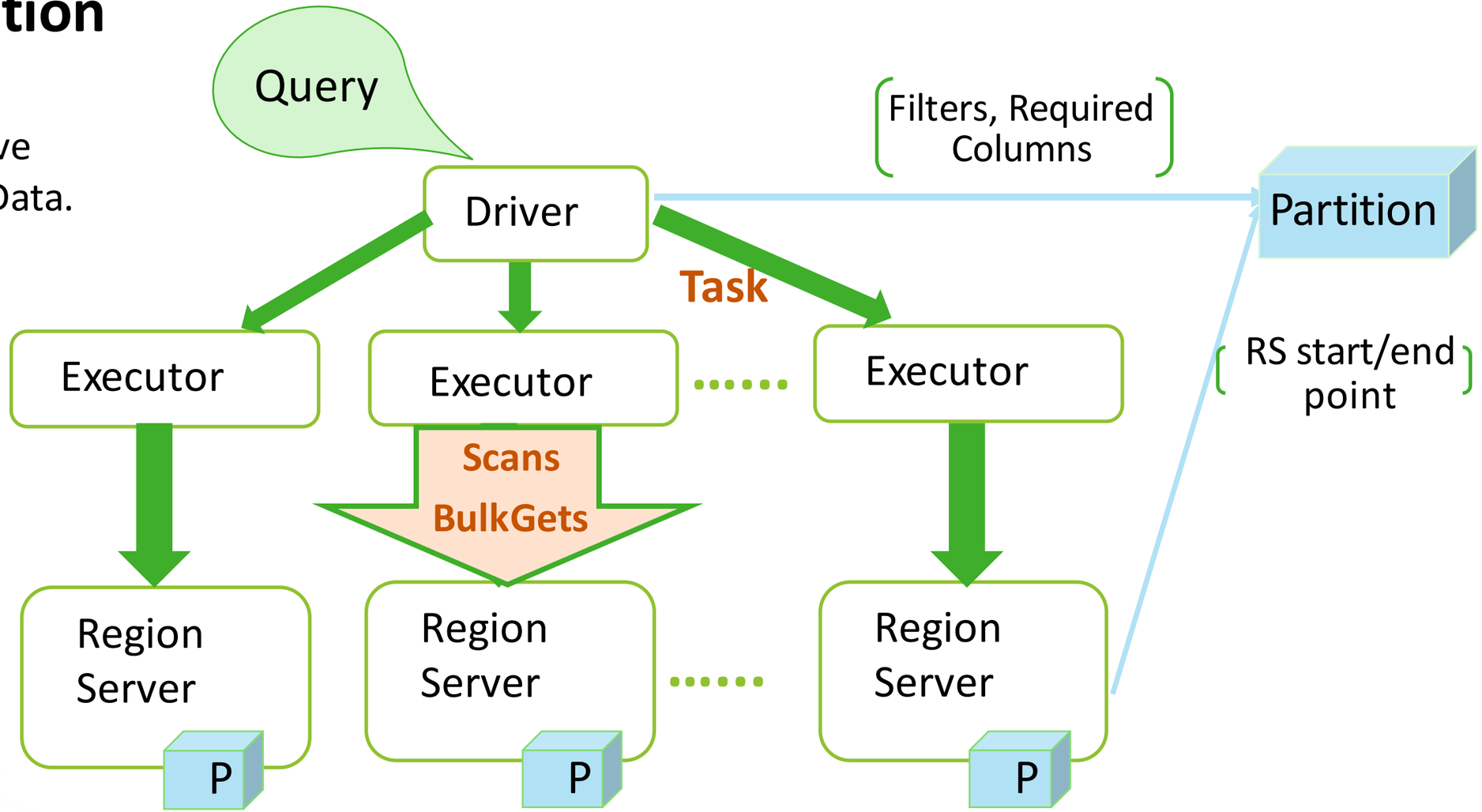

Picture 1. SHC architecture




HORTONWORKS

# Implementation

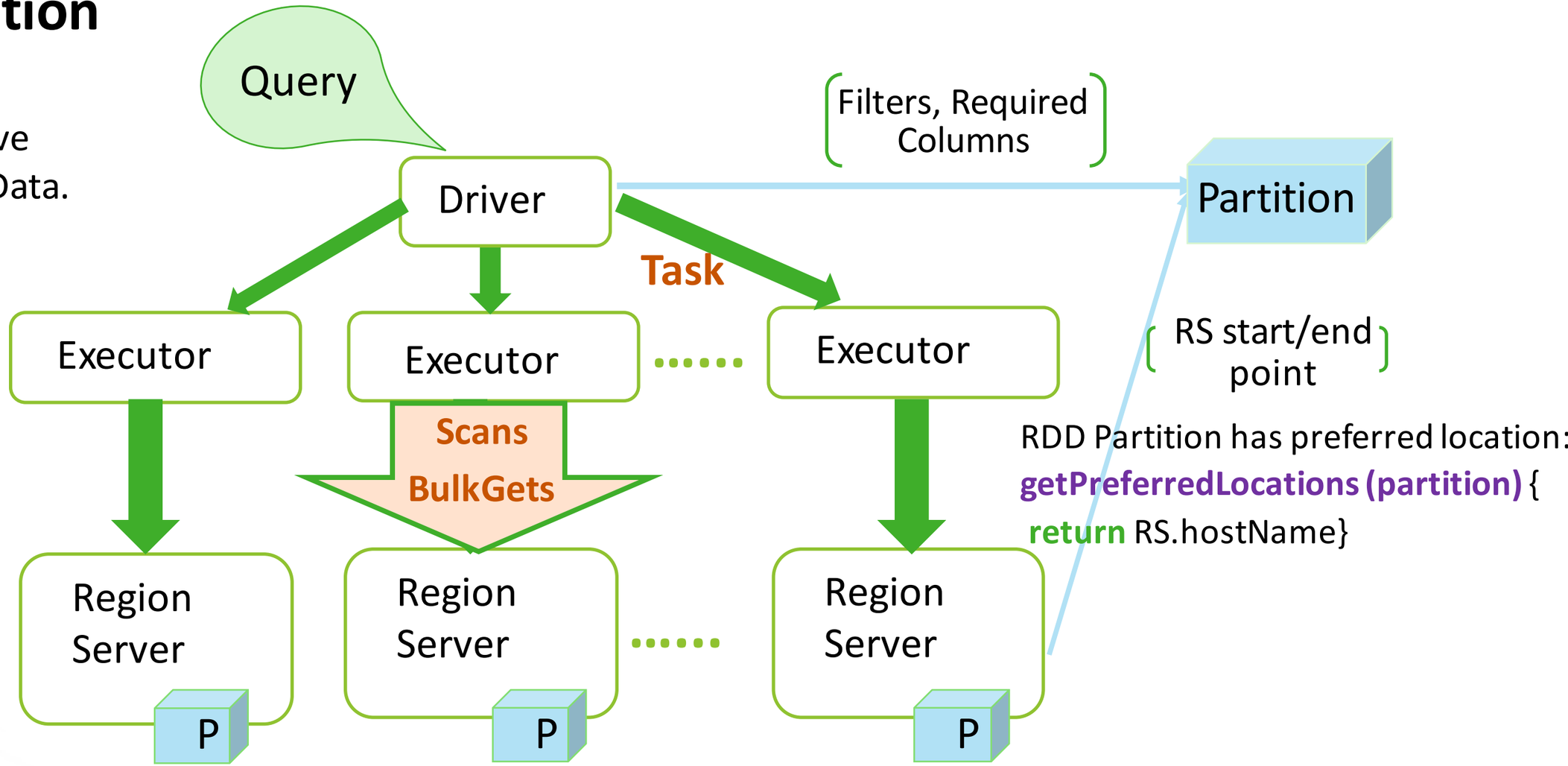
**Data Locality:** Move Computation to Data.




Picture 1. SHC architecture

# Implementation

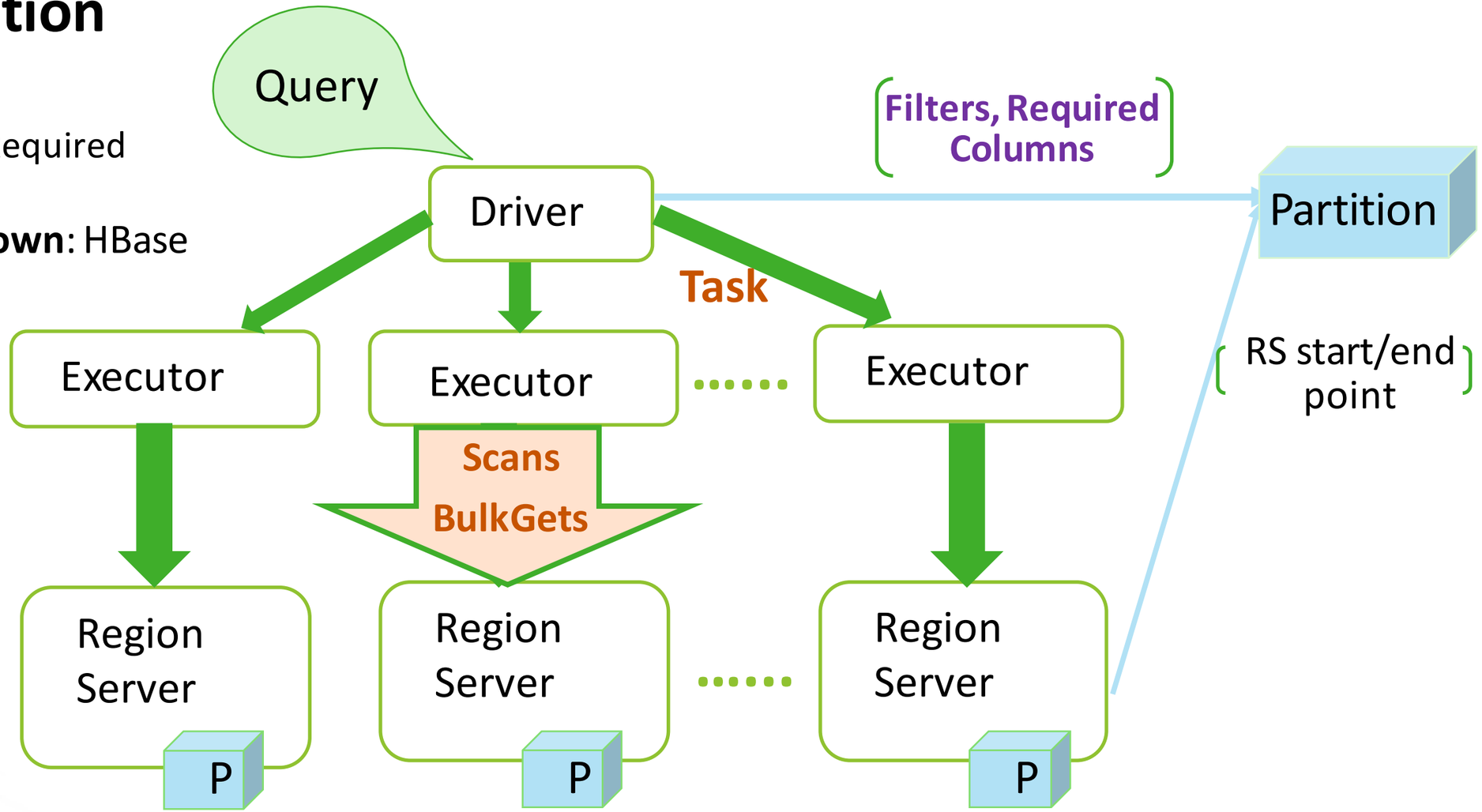
**Data Locality:** Move Computation to Data.




Picture 1. SHC architecture

# Implementation

**Column Pruning**: Required Column
**Predicate Pushdown**: HBase built-in Filters

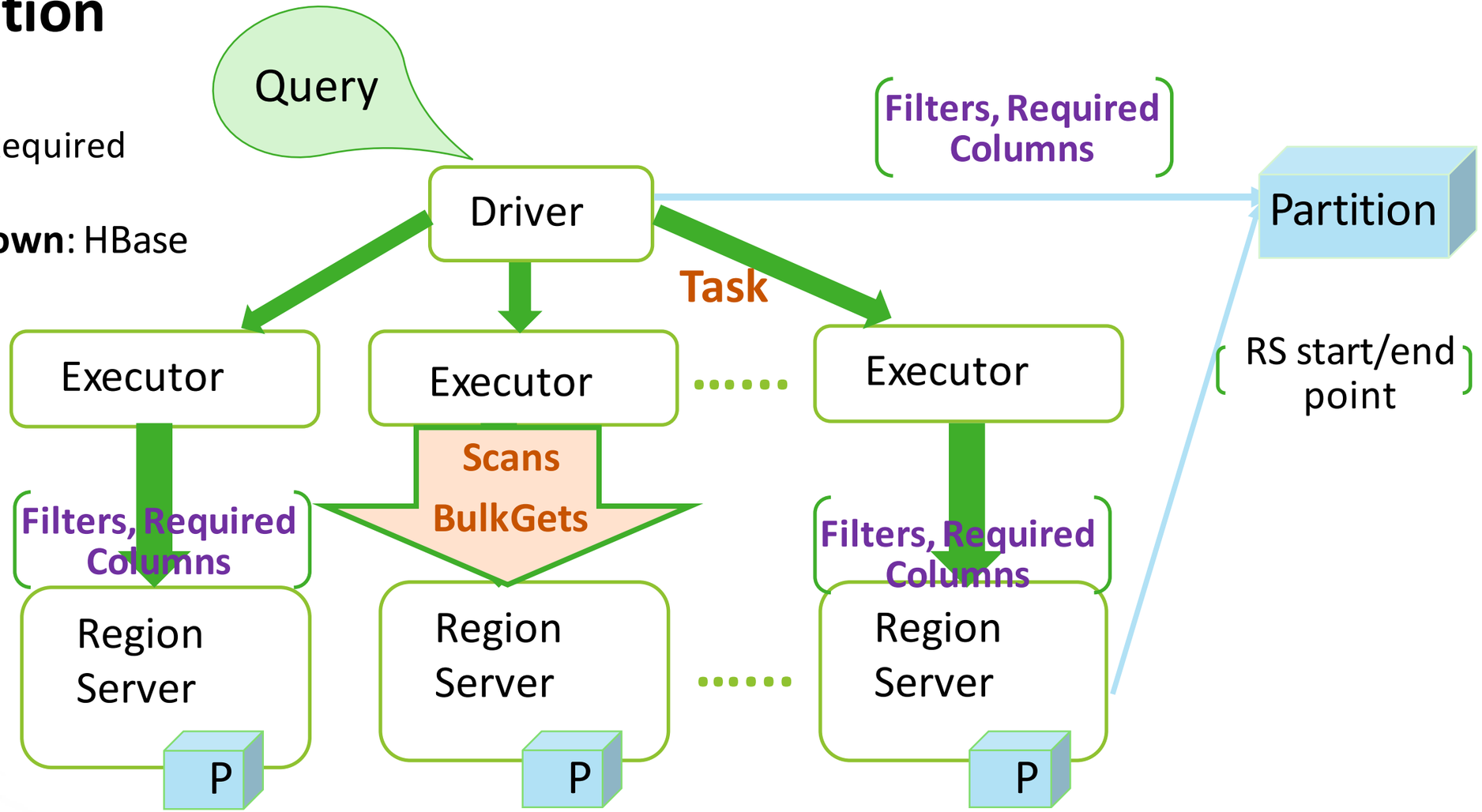



Picture 1. SHC architecture

# Implementation

**Column Pruning**: Required Column

**Predicate Pushdown**: HBase built-in Filters



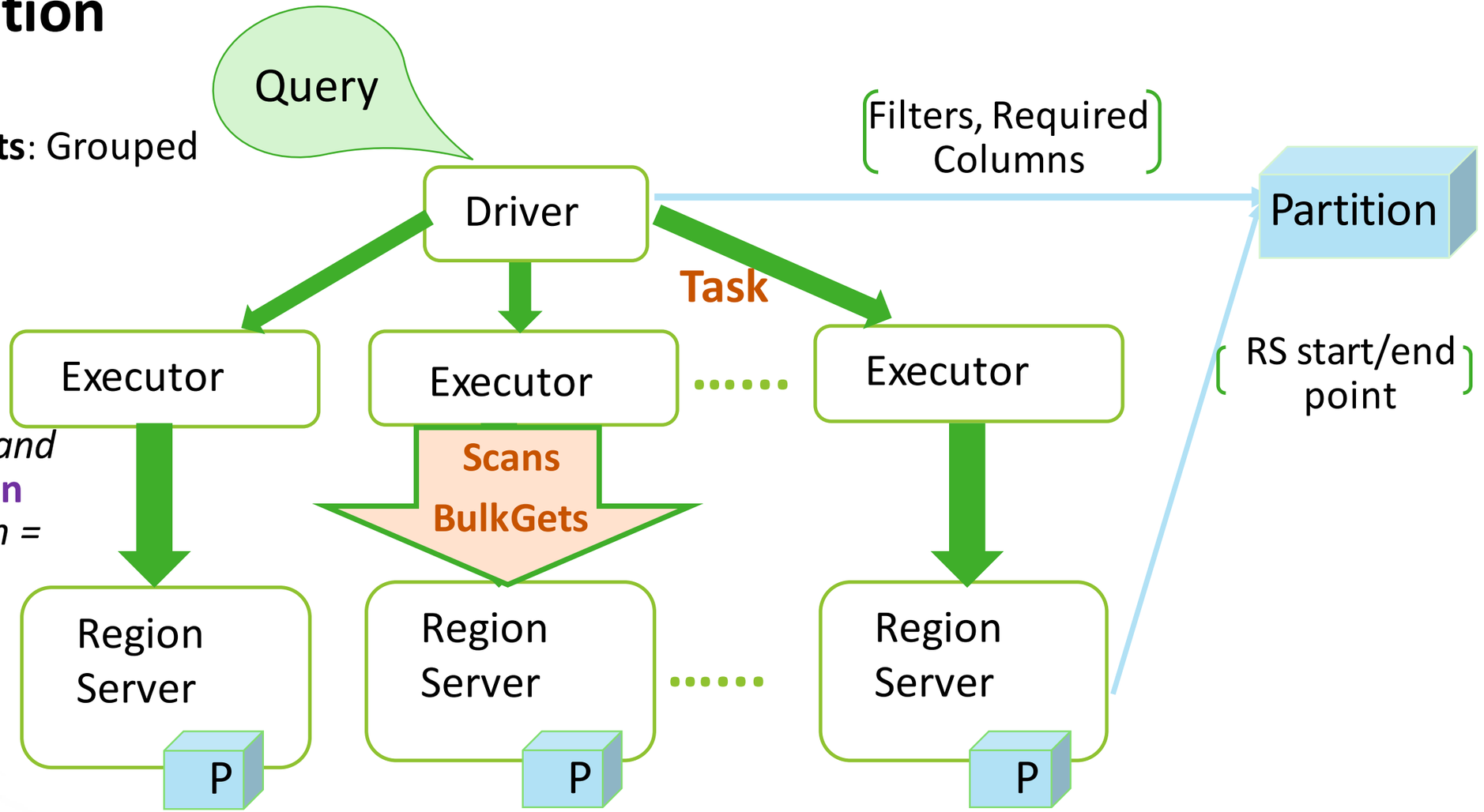

Picture 1. SHC architecture




HORTONWORKS

# Implementation

**Scan and BulkGets**: Grouped by region server.




*WHERE column > x and column < y* for **scan** and *WHERE column = x* for **get**.

Picture 1. SHC architecture




HORTONWORKS

# Usage




HORTONWORKS®

# How to Use SHC?

- Github
  - https://github.com/hortonworks-spark/shc
- SHC Examples
  - https://github.com/hortonworks-spark/shc/tree/master/examples
- Running in Secure Cluster
  - Using SHCCredentialsManager for Accessing Multiple Secure HBase Clusters
- Demo




HORTONWORKS

# Usage

## Define the catalog for the schema mapping:

```
def catalog = s"""{
           |"table":{"namespace":"default", "name":"phoenixTable",
           |  "tableCoder":"Phoenix", "version":"2.0"},
           |"rowkey":"key",
           |"columns":{
           |"col0":{"cf":"rowkey", "col":"key", "type":"string"},
           |"col1":{"cf":"cf1", "col":"col1", "type":"boolean"},
           |"col2":{"cf":"cf2", "col":"col2", "type":"double"},
           |"col3":{"cf":"cf3", "col":"col3", "type":"float"},
           |"col4":{"cf":"cf4", "col":"col4", "type":"int"},
           |"col5":{"cf":"cf5", "col":"col5", "type":"bigint"},
           |"col6":{"cf":"cf6", "col":"col6", "type":"smallint"},
           |"col7":{"cf":"cf7", "col":"col7", "type":"string"},
           |"col8":{"cf":"cf8", "col":"col8", "type":"tinyint"}
           |}
           |}""".stripMargin
```




HORTONWORKS

# Usage

- **Prepare the data and populate the HBase table**

```
val data = (0 to 255).map { i =>  HBaseRecord(i, “extra”)}

sc.parallelize(data).toDF.write.options(
  Map(HBaseTableCatalog.tableCatalog -> catalog, HBaseTableCatalog.newTable -> “5”))
  .format(“org.apache.spark.sql.execution.datasources.hbase”)
  .save()
```




HORTONWORKS

# Usage

- **Load the DataFrame**

```
def withCatalog(cat: String): DataFrame = {
   sqlContext
      .read
      .options(Map(HBaseTableCatalog.tableCatalog->cat))
      .format("org.apache.spark.sql.execution.datasources.hbase")
      .load()
}

val df = withCatalog(catalog)
```




HORTONWORKS

# Usage

- **Query**

**Language integrated query:**

```
val s = df.filter((($"col0" <= "çrow050" && $"col0" > "row040") ||
   $"col0" === "row005" && ($"col4" === 1 || $"col4" === 42))
   .select("col0", "col1", "col4")
```

**SQL:**

```
val s = df.filter((($"col0" <= "row050" && $"col0" > "row040")
df.registerTempTable("table")
sqlContext.sql("select count(col1) from table").show
```




HORTONWORKS

# Usage

- **Work with different data sources**

```
// Part 1: write data into Hive table and read data from it
val df1 = sql("SELECT * FROM shcHiveTable")

// Part 2: read data from Hbase table
val df2 = withCatalog(cat)

// Part 3: join the two dataframes
val s1 = df1.filter($"key" <= "40").select("key", "col1")
val s2 = df2.filter($"key" <= "20" && $"key" >= "1").select("key", "col2")
val result =  s1.join(s2, Seq("key"))
result.show()
```




HORTONWORKS

# Acknowledgement


- HBase Community & Spark Community
- All Spark-HBase Contributors, Zhan Zhang





HORTONWORKS

# Reference

- Hortonworks Public Repo
  - http://repo.hortonworks.com/content/repositories/releases/com/hortonworks/
- Apache Spark
  - http://spark.apache.org/
- Apache HBase
  - https://hbase.apache.org/




HORTONWORKS

# Thanks

# Q & A

**Emails:**
**wyang@hortonworks.com**




HORTONWORKS®
POWERING THE FUTURE OF DATA™

# BACKUP




HORTONWORKS®
POWERING THE FUTURE OF DATA™

# Kerberos Cluster

- Kerberos Ticket
  - kinit -kt foo.keytab foouser or Principle/Keytab
- Long Running Service
  - --principal, --keytab
- Multiple Secure HBase Clusters
  - Spark only Supports Single Secure HBase Cluster
  - Use SHC Credential Manager
  - Refer *LRJobAccessing2Clusters Example in github*




HORTONWORKS